Furetank-Gasdagarna

Maj 2023





Jonatan Höglund

- Marine Engineer (Kalmar 2013)
- Chief engineer
- Newbuilding inspector
- Technical Superintendent











Furetank Group

- Furetank is focused on product & chemical tankers below 20,000 dwt and has been active in the North European petroleum products trade since the early 1950's
- Integrated ship owning company that provide technical, safety, crewing and commercial management services to own vessels and external partners
- Owned by the Höglund family, which has been involved in shipping business since the 17th century
- Offices in Gothenburg(Sweden) and Holbaek (Denmark)
- Have together with partners developed the VINGA-series, dual-fuel, low emission 18,000 dwt product/chemical tankers in total the series will comprise a total of 17 sister vessels.
- Founding partner of commercial joint venture Gothia Tankers Alliance, covering about 40 vessels in the small and intermediate size segmnets.





VINGA-series – designlösningar för minskad miljöpåverkan





- 1. Low drag hull design
 - Developed in cooperation with FKAB
- 2. Ducted propeller
 - Increases thrust and reduces power requirement on main engine and still meeting criteria for ice class 1A
- 3. Variable frequency on main engine
 - Main engine is used to power cargo pumps thus using the fuel with the lowest emissions in port LNG/LBG
- 4. "Hybrid-power"
 - Batteries are used instead of auxiliary engines to supply power and act as back-up
- 5. Energy efficient equipment
 - Latest technology of pumps, compressors, fans, lights etc
 - Dual fuel LNG
 - Lowers emissions and offers the opportunity to run on biogas the fuel with the best CO₂-balance of any currently known energy source
- 7. 100% shore power while discharging
 - Installed with shore power capable to supply the whole energy
 - need of the vessel during discharging





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LNG "multi-fuel" – maximum fuel flexibility now and for the future

The choice of engine and fuel system on the VINGA-series offers multi-flexibility on fuel choice, The VINGA-series;

- Can be powered by any of the presently available conventional fuels and bio-fuels
- Are ready for Hydrogen blends (25%) and possible fossil-free fuels like ammonia and "green" methanol should they become available in the future







Furetanks initiatives to reach IMO's target for CO2 emissions









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From Tank-to-Wake CO2 to WTW CO2 eq.

Well-to-Wake Emissions in Gram CO2eq. per kWh - GWP100

- 300 500 100 200 400 600 700 800 900 1000 1100 E-Liquid Hydrogen 0 -100 % E-Methanol 7 .99% E-Diesel 9 -99 % -98 % E-LNG (DF-Diesel) 12 -94 % E-Ammonia -88 % E-LNG (DF-Otto) 80 -83 % Bio-LNG (DF-Diesel) 99 -73 % Bio-LNG (DF-Otto) 99 80 -65 % Bio-Methanol (O.Waste) -17% LPG 475 -16 % LNG (DF-Diesel) 404 12 -5% LNG (DF-Otto) 404 -3% HFO & Scrubber 10 558 MGO 541 10 1% VLSFO 558 7 12% Methanol (NG) 499 Biodiesel (Raps incl. LUC) 28% 9 Ammonia (NG) 38 40 % Liquid - Hydrogen (NG) 66 % Biodiesel (Palm incl. LUC) CO2 eq. Change compared to MGO TTW CO₂ TTW other GHG (CH₄ + N₂O) WTT
- TTW to WTW: avoid shifting emissions from downstream to upstream.
- CO₂ to GHG (CO₂ eq.): avoid suboptimization.

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SINTEF

 Increasing interest and ongoing dialog



Source : Lindstad, E., Gamlem, G., Rialland, A., Valland, A, - Assessment of Alternative Fuels and Engine

technologies to reduce GHG_SMC-099-2021



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FuelEU Maritime will set requirements to Well-to-Wake emissions





Reduced Environmental impact – Discharge operation Antwerp

- Emissions of NOx and particles are damaging to human health and a major issue in densely populated regions
- The bars show VINGA-series total emissions in LNG-mode compared to a conventional vessel of 2008 design during passage in/out plus discharge operation in Antwerp









